..... (Original Signature of Member)

114TH CONGRESS 2D Session



To require the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration to commission a study of the health impacts of airplane flights on affected residents of certain metropolitan areas, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. LYNCH introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

- To require the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration to commission a study of the health impacts of airplane flights on affected residents of certain metropolitan areas, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Airplane Impacts Miti-
- 5 gation Act of 2016" or "AIM Act of 2016".

1 SEC. 2. STUDY OF HEALTH IMPACTS OF OVERFLIGHTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the
Federal Aviation Administration shall enter into an agreement with an eligible institution of higher education to
conduct a study of the health impacts of airplane flights
on residents exposed to a range of noise and air pollution
levels from such flights.

9 (b) SCOPE OF STUDY.—The study conducted under10 subsection (a) shall—

(1) examine the health impacts of airplane
flights on residents, including asthma exacerbation,
sleep disturbance, stress, and elevated blood pressure;

15 (2) focus on residents in not more than eight16 metropolitan areas, including—

- 17 (A) Boston;
- 18 (B) Chicago;
- 19 (C) New York;
- 20 (D) the Northern California Metroplex;
- 21 (E) Phoenix; and

(F) not more than three additional metropolitan areas, chosen at the discretion of the
Administrator, that each contain at least one
international airport.

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(3) consider in particular the health impacts on
 residents living partly or wholly within the land area
 underneath the flight paths most frequently used by
 aircraft flying, including during takeoff or landing,
 at an altitude lower than 10,000 feet; and
 (4) consider only those health impacts that

(4) consider only those health impacts that
manifest during the physical implementation of the
NextGen RNAV program on flights departing from
or arriving at an international airport located in one
of the metropolitan areas described in paragraph
(2).

(c) ELIGIBILITY.—An institution of higher education
is eligible to conduct the study if the institution—

(1) has a school of public health that has participated in the Federal Aviation Administration
Center of Excellence for Aircraft Noise and Aviation
Emissions Mitigation (PARTNER);

(2) has a Center for Environmental Health that
receives funding from the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences;

(3) is located in one of the areas within thescope of the study described in subsection (b);

23 (4) applies to the Administrator in a timely24 fashion;

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(5) demonstrates to the Administrator's satis faction that the institution is qualified to conduct
 such a study;

4 (6) agrees to submit to the Administrator, not
5 later than 2 years after entering into an agreement
6 under subsection (a), the findings and conclusions of
7 the study as well as any source materials used; and
8 (7) meets such other requirements as the Ad9 ministrator may determine to be necessary.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the Administrator receives the study under subsection (a), the
Administrator shall submit to Congress a report containing the findings and conclusions of the study.